

1.0 x 0.5 x 0.5mm Chip LED

OSXX0402C1C

Features

- Single chip
- Super high brightness of surface mount LED
- Sorting for Iv and Vf @ 20mA of If
- Compact package outline
 (LxWxT) of 1.0mm x 0.5mm x 0.5mm
- Compatible to IR reflow soldering.

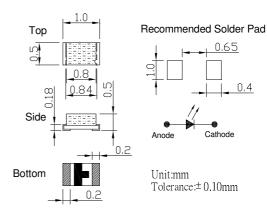
Applications

- Backlighting (switches, keys, etc.)
- Marker lights (e.g. steps, exit ways, etc.)

Absolute Maximum Rating

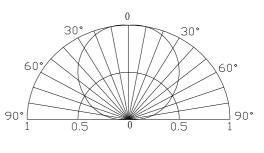
(]	a=	:25	°C)

Item	Symbo	Val	ue	Unit
Item	1	HR /YG/ OR/YL	BL/PG/W/M	Unit
DC Forward Current	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{F}}$	20	20	mA
Pulse Forward Current*	IFP	100	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	52	72	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~	+85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~	+85	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C	/10sec	-



•Outline Dimension





*Pulse width Max 0.1ms, Duty ratio max 1/10

■Electrical -Optical Characteristics

				$V_{F}(V)$		$I_{R}(\mu A)$]	Iv(mcd))		λD(nm)	201/2(deg)
Color			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Тур.
			Ι	F=20mA		V _R =5V				I _F =20m	А		
Warm White	Μ		2.8	3.2	3.6	100	250	400	600	23	800-350	0K	120
Pure White	W		2.8	3.2	3.6	100	250	400	600	65	500-900	0K	120
Blue	BL		2.8	3.2	3.6	100	60	90	150	460	465	475	120
Pure Green	PG		2.8	3.1	3.6	100	250	400	600	517	525	530	120
Yellow Green	YG		1.8	2.0	2.6	100	20	30	40	565	570	575	120
Yellow	YL		1.8	2.0	2.6	100	50	100	200	585	590	595	120
Orange	OR		1.9	2.2	2.6	100	50	100	200	600	605	610	120
Red	HR		1.8	2.0	2.6	100	50	100	200	620	625	630	120
	Warm White Pure White Blue Pure Green Yellow Green Yellow Orange Red	Pure WhiteWBlueBLPure GreenPGYellow GreenYGYellowYLOrangeORRedHR	Warm WhiteMPure WhiteWBlueBLPure GreenPGYellow GreenYGYellowYLOrangeORRedHR	IWarm WhiteMI2.8Pure WhiteW2.8BlueBLI2.8Pure GreenPGI2.8Yellow GreenYGI1.8Yellow GreenYGI1.8OrangeORI1.9RedHRI1.8	Min. Typ. IF=20mA Warm White M 2.8 3.2 Pure White W 2.8 3.2 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.2 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.1 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 Red HR 1.8 2.0	Min. Typ. Max. IF=20mA Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 3.6 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.1 3.6 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 2.6	Min. Typ. Max. Max. IF=20mA VR=5V Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 Yellow YL 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 2.6 100 Red HR 1.8 2.0 2.6 100	Min. Typ. Max. Max. Min. IF=20mA VR=5V Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 20 Yellow YL 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 2.6 100 50	Min. Typ. Max. Max. Min. Typ. Warn White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 Pure White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 Yellow Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 Yellow Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 20 30 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 20 30 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 2.6 100 50 100 Red HR 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 100	Min. Typ. Max. Max. Min. Typ. Max. IF=20mA VR=5V Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 Blue BL 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 Pure Green PG 2.8 3.1 3.6 100 250 400 600 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 20 30 40 Yellow YL 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 100 200 Orange OR 1.9 2.2 2.6 100 50 100 200 Red HR 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 100 200	Number of the second system	Name Name <t< td=""><td>Color Min. Typ. Max. Max. Min. Typ. Max. Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 650^{-000VK} Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 650^{-000VK} Blue BL 2.8 3.1 3.6 100 250 400 600 517 525 530 540 541 545 570 575 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 10</td></t<>	Color Min. Typ. Max. Max. Min. Typ. Max. Warm White M 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 650^{-000VK} Pure White W 2.8 3.2 3.6 100 250 400 600 650^{-000VK} Blue BL 2.8 3.1 3.6 100 250 400 600 517 525 530 540 541 545 570 575 Yellow Green YG 1.8 2.0 2.6 100 50 10

(Ta=25°C)

*1 Tolerance of measurements of chromaticity coordinate is $\pm 10\%$

*2 Tolerance of measurements of dominant wavelength is +1nm

*3 Tolerance of measurements of luminous intensity is $\pm 15\,\%$

*4 Tolerance of measurements of forward voltage is $\pm 0.1 V$









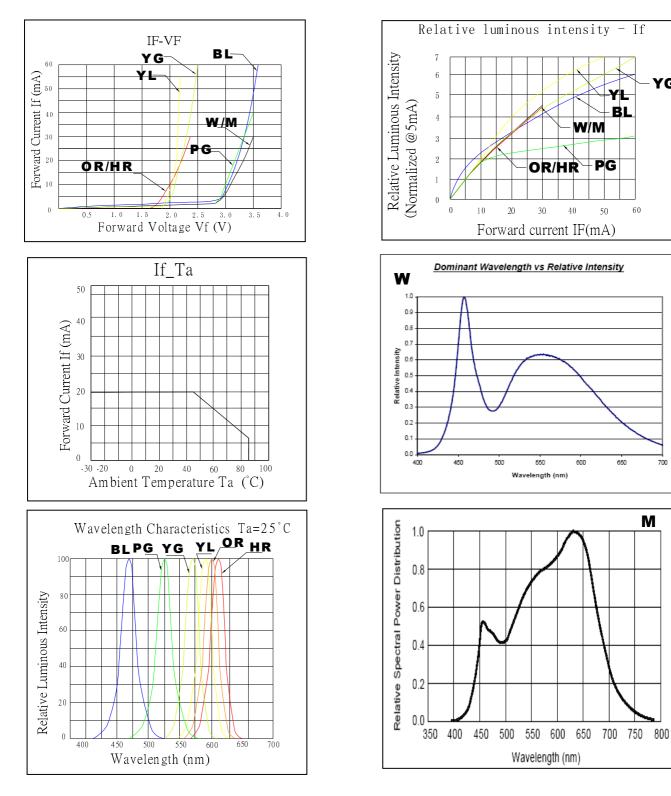
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YG

700

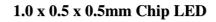
Optical and electrical characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES











OSXX0402C1C

RELIABILITY TEST REPORT

CLASSIFICATIO	N	TEST ITEM	TEST CONDTION		
		ROOM TEMPERATURE OPERATION LIFE	Ta:25±5 ℃		
			TEST TIME=1000HRS		
		HIGH	R.H:90~95%		
		TEMPERTURE	Ta:65 <u>+</u> 5℃		
		HIGH HUMIDITY	TEST TIME=240HRS(+2HRS)		
ENDURANCE	TEST	STORAGE			
		HIGH	Ta:85℃		
		TEMPERTURE	TEST TIME=500HRS(-24HRS,+48HRS)		
		STORAGE			
		LOW	Ta:-40°C		
		TEMPERTURE	TEST TIME=500HRS(-24HRS,+48HRS)		
		STORAGE			
		TEMPERTURE	-40°C ~25°C ~85°C ~25°C		
		CYCLING	30min 5min 30min 5min		
			100cycles		
			Ta:260 <u>+</u> 5℃		
ENVIRONMENTAL	TEST	SOLDERING HEAT	TEST TIME=10 <u>+</u> 1sec		
		SOLDERABILITY	Ta:245 <u>+</u> 5℃		
			TEST TIME=5 <u>+</u> 1sec		

JUDGMENT CRITERIA OF FAILURE FOR THE RELIABILITY

MEASURING ITME	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	FAILURE CRITERIA
LUMINOUS INTENSITY	IV	IF=5mA	IV<0.5*L.S.L
FORWARD VOLTAGE	VF	IF=5mA	VF>1.2*U.S.L
REVERSE CURRENT	IR	Vr=5V	IR>2*U.S.L
SOLDERABILITY			LESS THAN 95% SOLDER
SOLDERABILITY	-	-	COVERAGE

U.S.L : Upper Specification Limit

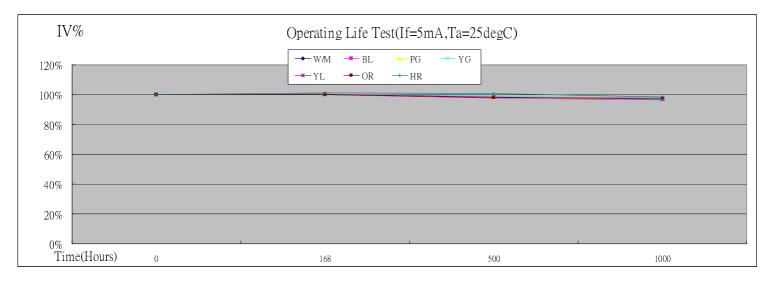
L.S.L : Lower Specification Limit





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OPERATION LIFE TEST LUMINANCE RATE CURVE



*Burn-in condition: 5mA

*Projection of Statistical Average Light Output Degradation Performance for LED Technology Extrapolated from OptoSupply QA Dept. Test Data.

*According to OptoSupply outgoing Packaged Products Specification

*MTBF:50,000hrs, 90% Confidence (A Failure is Any LED Which is Open, shorted or fails to Emit Light)

*The Projected Data is Base on The Feature of LED Itself Under Normal Operation Conditions.

*Any Improper Circuit Design or External Factors Might Cause a Different Result.





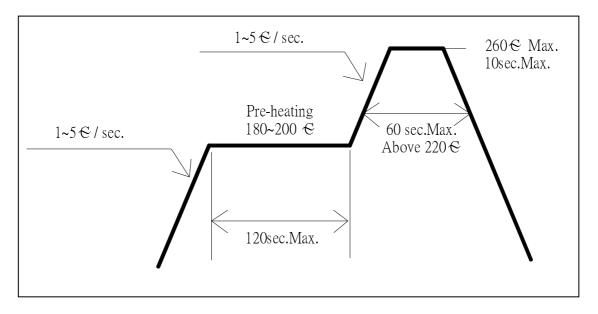
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Soldering Conditions

	Reflow Soldering	Har	Hand Soldering		
Pre-Heat	180 ~ 200°C				
Pre-Heat Time	120 sec. Max.		350°C Max. 3 sec. Max.		
Peak temperature	260°C Max.	Temperature			
Dipping Time	10 sec. Max.	Soldering time			
Condition	Refer to Temperature-profile		(one time only)		

• Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



*Recommended soldering conditions vary according to the type of LED

*Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, reflow, or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.

*A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.

•All SMD LED products are pb-free soldering available.

• Occasionally there is a brightness decrease caused by the influence of heat or ambient atmosphere during air reflow. It is recommended that the User use the nitrogen reflow method.

• Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.





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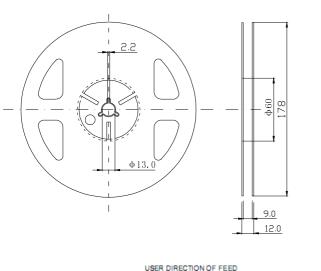
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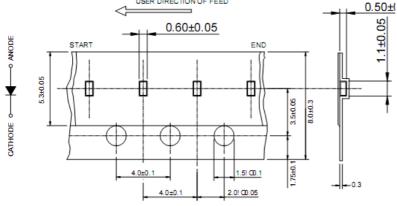
Taping and Orientation.

1. Quantity: 3000pcs/Reel

2. Diameter: 178 mm

3. General Tolerance : ± 0.1





Cautions:

- 1. After open the package, the LED's floor life is 4 Weeks under 30° C or less and 60%RH or less(MSL:2a).
- 2. Heat generation must be taken into design consideration when using the LED.
- 3. Power must be applied resistors for protection, over current would be caused the optic damage to the devices and wavelength shift.
- 4. Manual tip solder may cause the damage to Chip devices, so advised that heat of iron should be lower than 15W with temperature control under 5 seconds at 230-260 deg. C.
- (The device would be got damage in re working process, recommended under 5 seconds at 230-260 deg. C)
- 5. All equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended to use a wristband or anti-electrostatic glove when handing the LED.
- 6. Use IPA as a solvent for cleaning the LED. The other solvent may dissolve the LED package and the epoxy, Ultrasonic cleaning should not be done.
- 7. Damaged LED will show unusual characteristics such as leak current remarkably increase,
- turn-on voltage becomes lower and the LED get unlight at low current.

